CSC112 Lab3: Hofstra Bus System

# Objectives

Get familiar with pthread library usage in Linux. Use synchronization to solve real-world problems. (This assignment only works on Linux. Please refer to “Running Linux on Windows or MacOS” on course homepage.)

# Hofstra Bus System

Write a concurrent C program that emulates the behavior of the Hofstra bus system. Each student and each bus are controlled by a thread. You are asked to write synchronization functions that will guarantee orderly boarding. In hofbus\_incomplete.c, struct station, has been defined along with a function station\_init(struct station \*station). You need to implement two functions in the file hofbus\_incomplete.c, and rename the file as hofbus.c before submitting it.

When a bus arrives at the station and has opened its doors, it invokes the function: station\_load\_bus(struct station \*station, int count)

where count indicates how many seats are available on the bus. The function must not return until the bus is boarded successfully (either the bus is full or all waiting students have boarded).

When a student arrives at the bus station, the student will receive a ticket. The student with a smaller ticket number would get aborded earlier. After that, the student would start waiting by invoking the function:

station\_wait\_for\_bus(struct station \*station, int myticket, int myid)

The ticket number and student id would be passed to the function. This function must not return until a bus is in the station (i.e., a call to station\_load\_bus is in progress) and it’s the student’s turn and there are enough free seats on the bus for this student to sit down. The function should return the student’s boarding turn. For example, if you are the 3rd student who gets boarded a bus at that station, the function should return 3.

You must write your solution in C using the Pthread functions for locks and condition variables:

pthread\_mutex\_init, pthread\_cond\_init, pthread\_mutex\_lock, pthread\_mutex\_unlock, pthread\_cond\_wait, pthread\_cond\_signal, pthread\_cond\_broadcast

Use only these functions (e.g., no semaphores or other synchronization primitives).

* You may not use more than a single lock in each struct station.
* You may assume that there is never more than one bus in the station at once and that all buses (and all students) are going to the same destination.
* Your code must allow multiple students to board simultaneously.
* Your code must not result in busy waiting.

# Tester

The testing program hofbus-tester.c is provided to execute your concurrent functions with some test cases. It would be helpful to read through the comments to understand those test cases.

The following part shows how to compile and run the tester in a command line environment with the Pthread library. The output should not contain any error messages.

|  |
| --- |
| # gcc -o hofbus-tester hofbus-tester.c -pthread  # taskset -c 0 ./hofbus-tester  student 7 got ticket 1 and start waiting  student 8 got ticket 2 and start waiting  student 9 got ticket 3 and start waiting  student 10 got ticket 4 and start waiting  student 11 got ticket 5 and start waiting  student 12 got ticket 6 and start waiting  student 13 got ticket 7 and start waiting  student 14 got ticket 8 and start waiting  student 15 got ticket 9 and start waiting  student 16 got ticket 10 and start waiting  student 17 got ticket 11 and start waiting  student 18 got ticket 12 and start waiting  student 19 got ticket 13 and start waiting  student 20 got ticket 14 and start waiting  student 21 got ticket 15 and start waiting  student 22 got ticket 16 and start waiting  student 23 got ticket 17 and start waiting  student 24 got ticket 18 and start waiting  student 25 got ticket 19 and start waiting  student 26 got ticket 20 and start waiting  student 27 got ticket 21 and start waiting  student 28 got ticket 22 and start waiting  student 6 got ticket 23 and start waiting  student 29 got ticket 24 and start waiting  student 30 got ticket 25 and start waiting  student 5 got ticket 26 and start waiting  student 4 got ticket 27 and start waiting  student 3 got ticket 28 and start waiting  student 2 got ticket 29 and start waiting  student 1 got ticket 30 and start waiting  Bus entering station with 4 free seats  student 7 with ticket 1 has boarded, the turn is 1  student 8 with ticket 2 has boarded, the turn is 2  student 9 with ticket 3 has boarded, the turn is 3  student 10 with ticket 4 has boarded, the turn is 4  Bus entering station with 2 free seats  student 11 with ticket 5 has boarded, the turn is 5  student 12 with ticket 6 has boarded, the turn is 6  Bus entering station with 0 free seats  Bus entering station with 8 free seats  student 13 with ticket 7 has boarded, the turn is 7  student 14 with ticket 8 has boarded, the turn is 8  student 15 with ticket 9 has boarded, the turn is 9  student 16 with ticket 10 has boarded, the turn is 10  student 17 with ticket 11 has boarded, the turn is 11  student 18 with ticket 12 has boarded, the turn is 12  student 19 with ticket 13 has boarded, the turn is 13  student 20 with ticket 14 has boarded, the turn is 14  Bus entering station with 3 free seats  student 21 with ticket 15 has boarded, the turn is 15  student 22 with ticket 16 has boarded, the turn is 16  student 23 with ticket 17 has boarded, the turn is 17  Bus entering station with 8 free seats  student 24 with ticket 18 has boarded, the turn is 18  student 25 with ticket 19 has boarded, the turn is 19  student 26 with ticket 20 has boarded, the turn is 20  student 27 with ticket 21 has boarded, the turn is 21  student 28 with ticket 22 has boarded, the turn is 22  student 6 with ticket 23 has boarded, the turn is 23  student 29 with ticket 24 has boarded, the turn is 24  student 30 with ticket 25 has boarded, the turn is 25  Bus entering station with 0 free seats  Bus entering station with 0 free seats  Bus entering station with 3 free seats  student 5 with ticket 26 has boarded, the turn is 26  student 4 with ticket 27 has boarded, the turn is 27  student 3 with ticket 28 has boarded, the turn is 28  Bus entering station with 4 free seats  student 2 with ticket 29 has boarded, the turn is 29  student 1 with ticket 30 has boarded, the turn is 30  Looks good! |

# Hint:

1. The station structure could be used to track a) the number of free seats; b) the number of waiting students; c) the turn of the next student to board. The number of free seats in a station should be zero after the bus leaves.
2. Locks or conditional variables can be defined inside the station structure to

a) make sure one student gets boarding at a time; b) let a student wait if there are no free seats; c) wake up the waiting students when a bus with free seats arrives; d) let the arriving bus wait if there are more waiting students to fill the available seats.

**What to submit:**

Submit only the hofbus.c file and a screenshot of the output. The hofbus-tester.c is not expected to be modified. If you do so for some reason, please upload the tester as well and explain the changes you made and why.